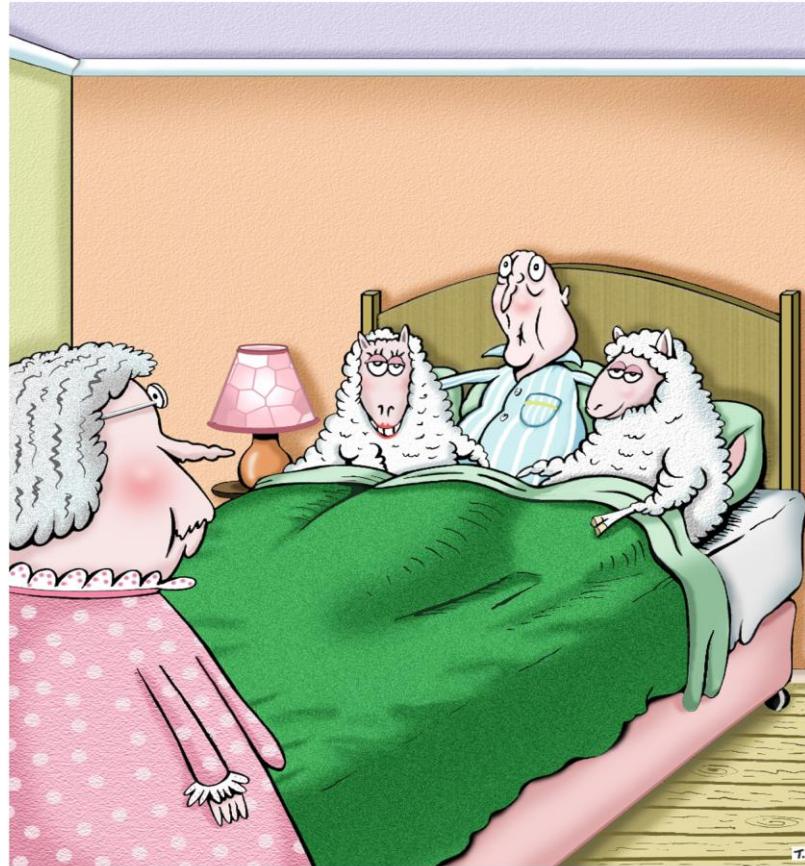


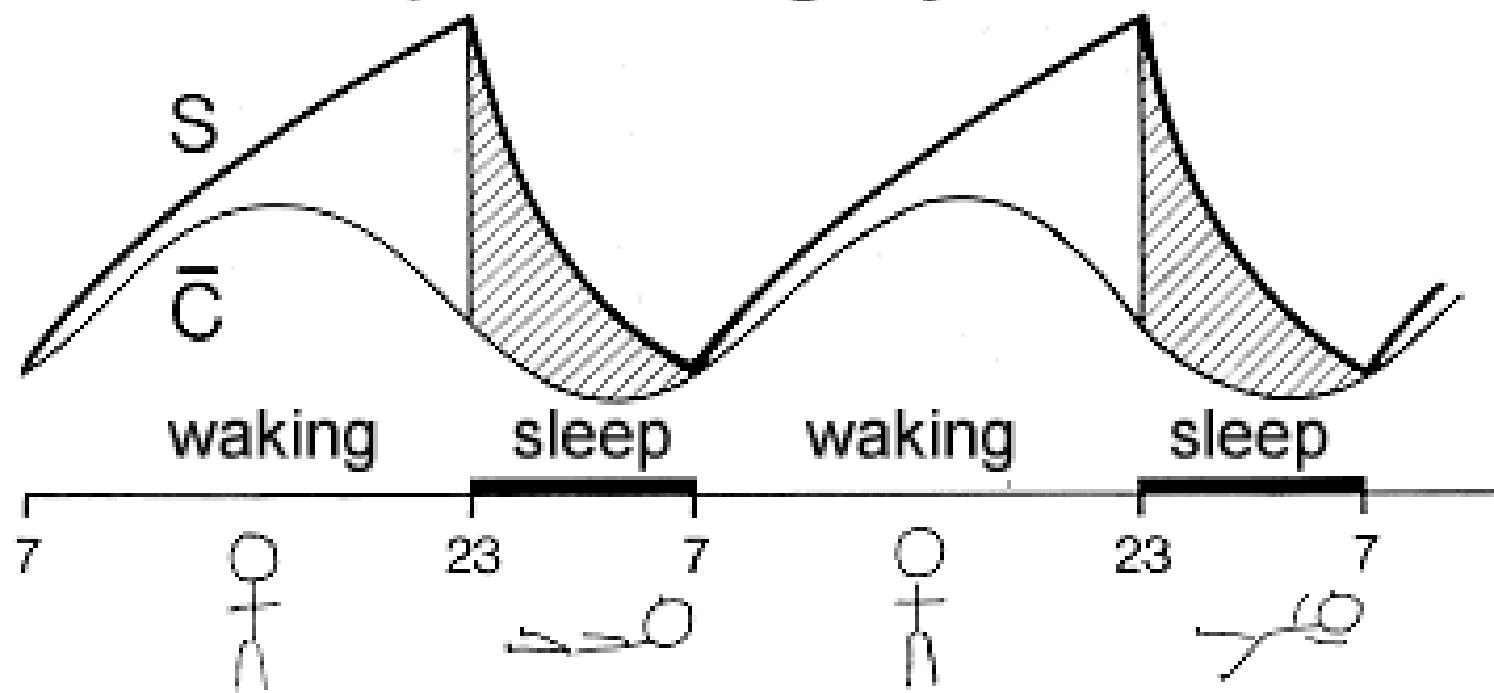
Sleep and Obesity

Jason Ellis

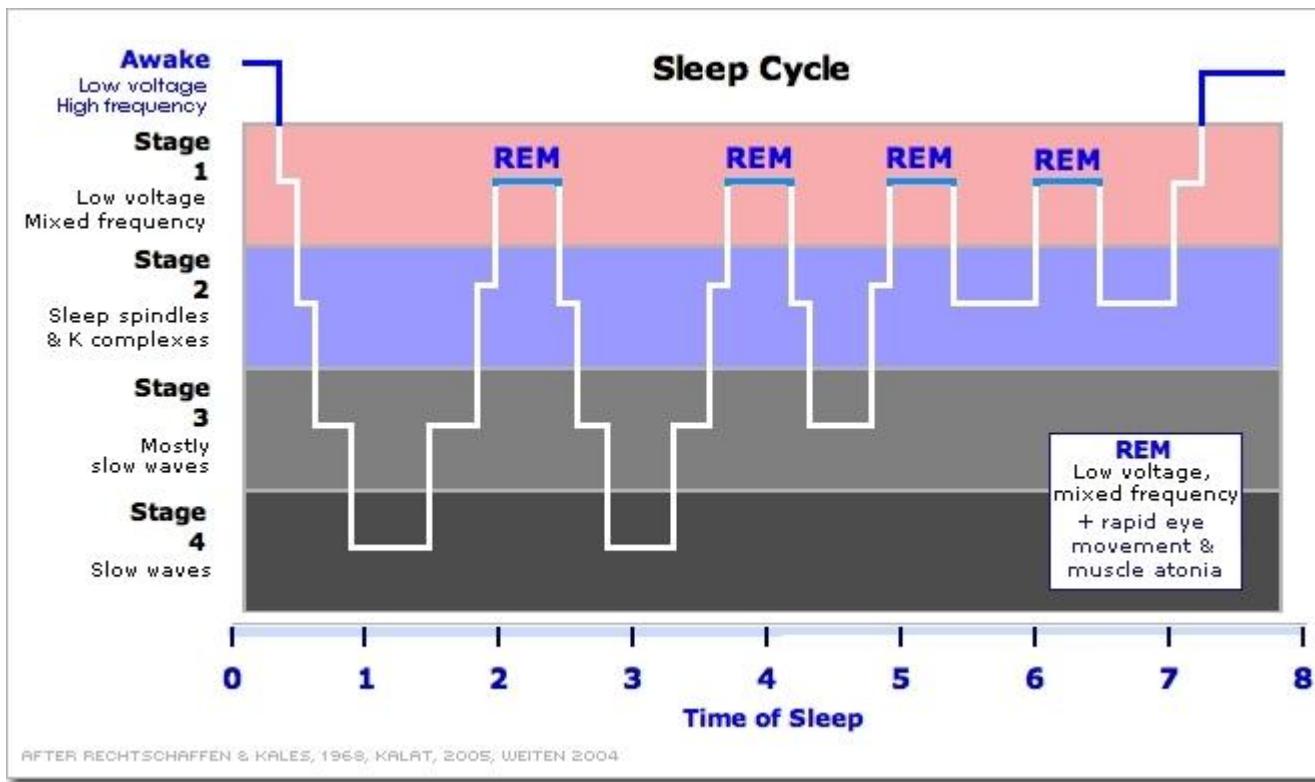


"It's not what it looks like Laura, I just couldn't sleep."

Sleep - Waking Cycle



What is Normal Sleep?



The issue of short sleep

off the mark.com by Mark Parisi

How to get a better night's sleep,
on the news at eleven...



OFFTHEMARK.COM

Later at eleven First of all, stop
staying up till eleven
to watch the news



OFFTHEMARK.COM

The source of the problem

- What does “short sleep” mean?
 - Subjective or objective?
 - Chosen or forced?
 - How short is short?
 - Short compared to what?



Cats. All they do is eat and sleep.
Truth is, they don't even do that well.

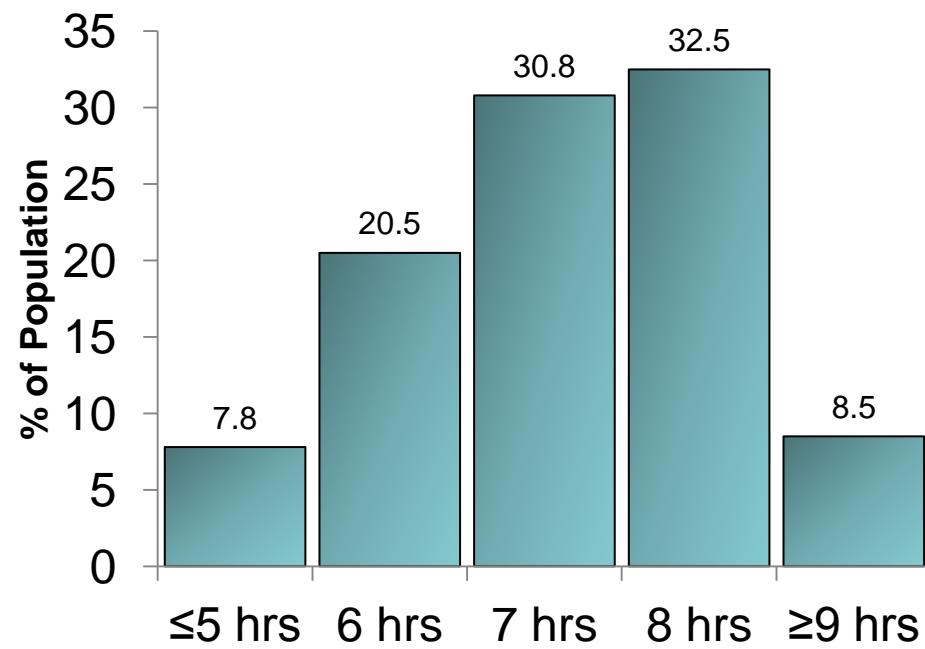
- For the purposes of this talk, “short sleep” means:
 - Habitual sleep duration of ≤ 6 hours

Clinical significance of short sleep

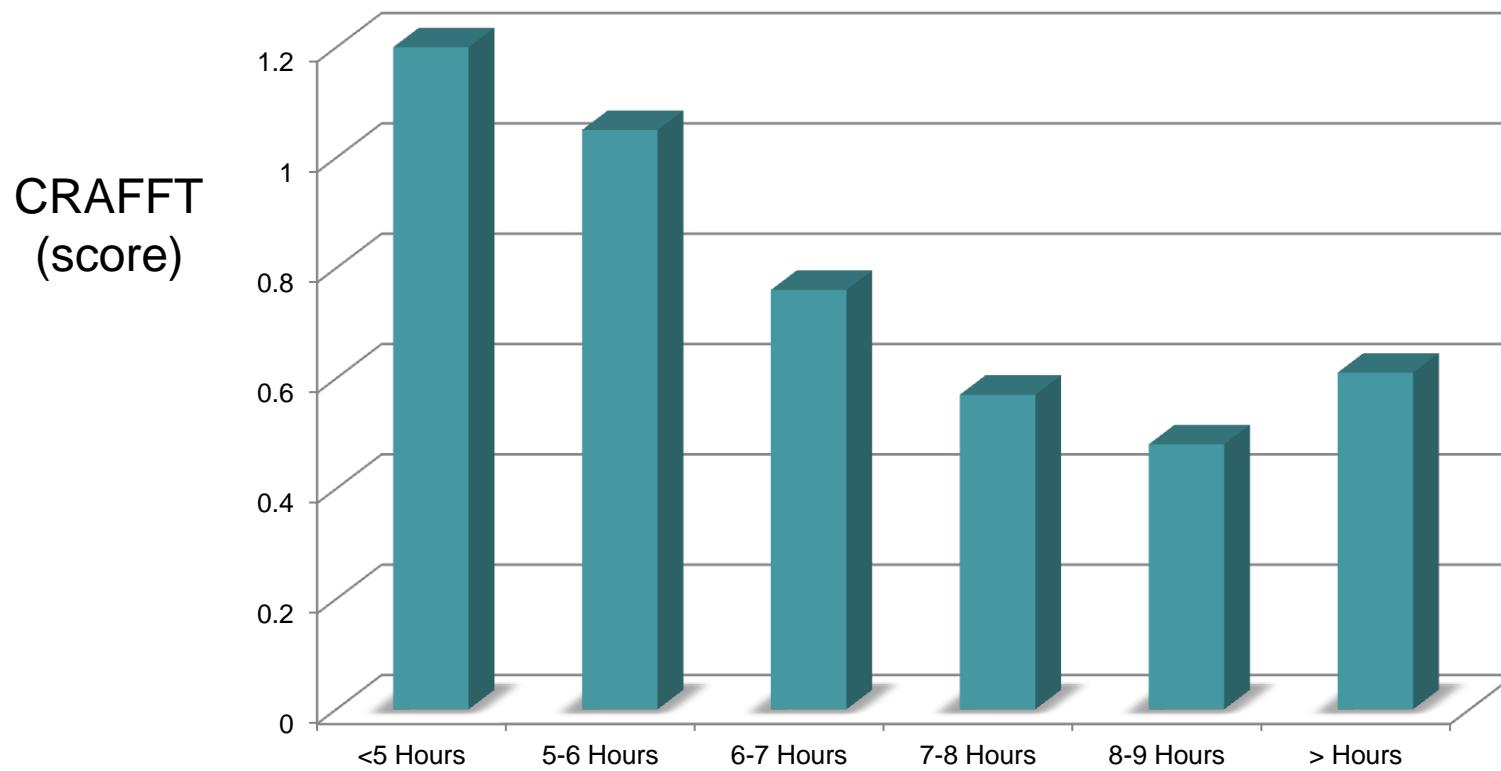
Short sleep duration is a worldwide issue

Short sleep duration is associated with a number of adverse health outcomes

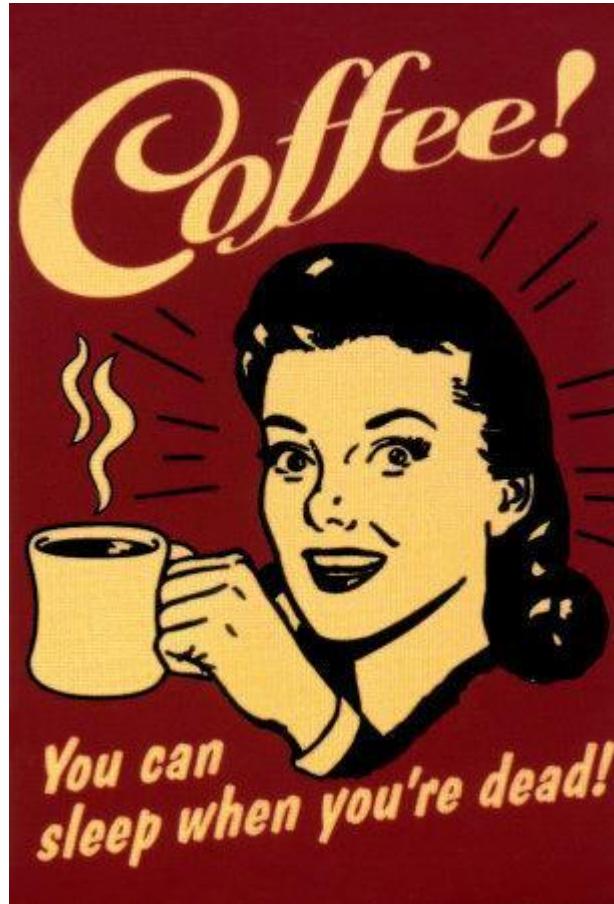
- Obesity
- Hypertension
- Hyperlipidemia
- Diabetes
- Mortality



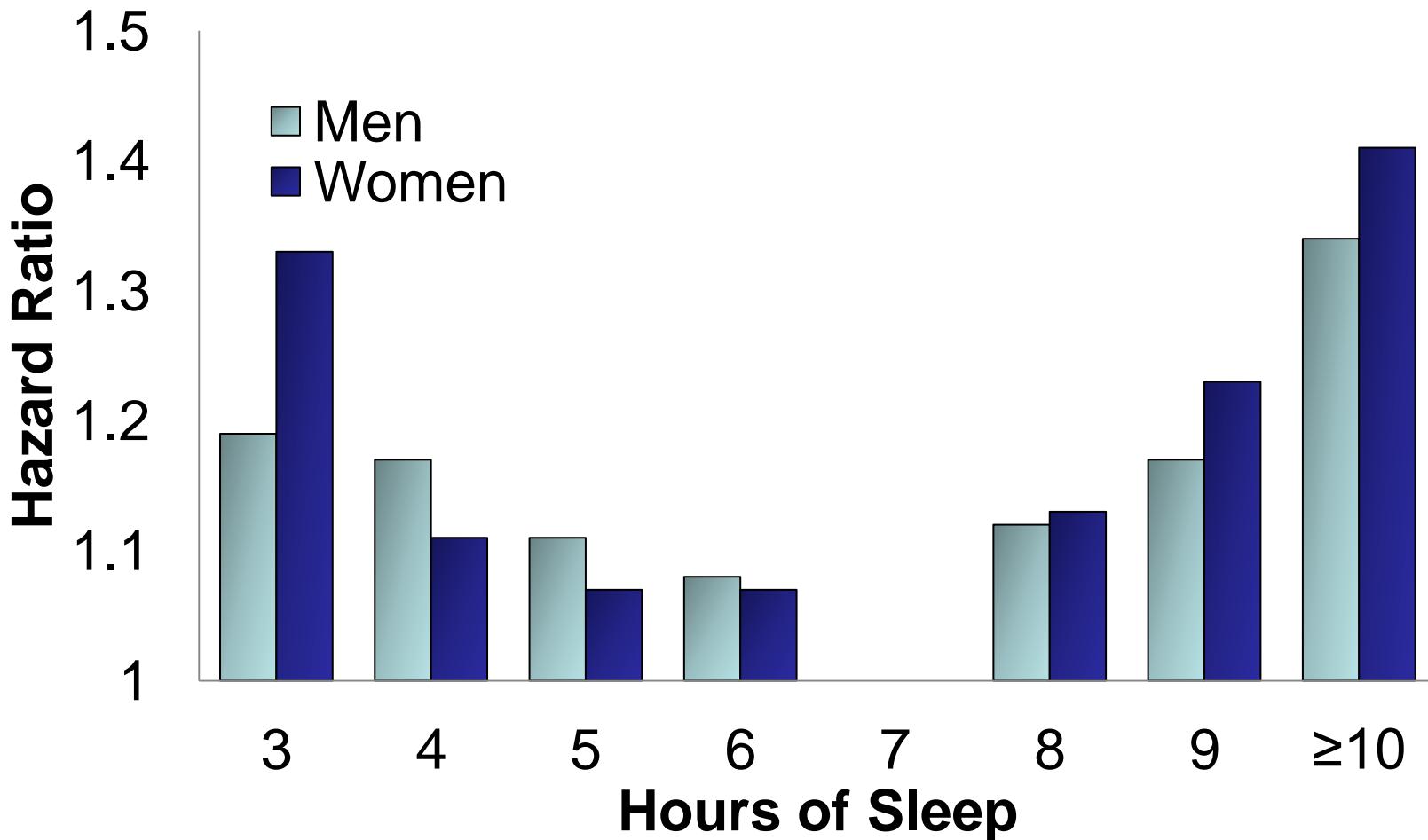
Sleep Duration and Substance Use



Adapted from Siversten et al (2015)



Sleep Duration and Mortality

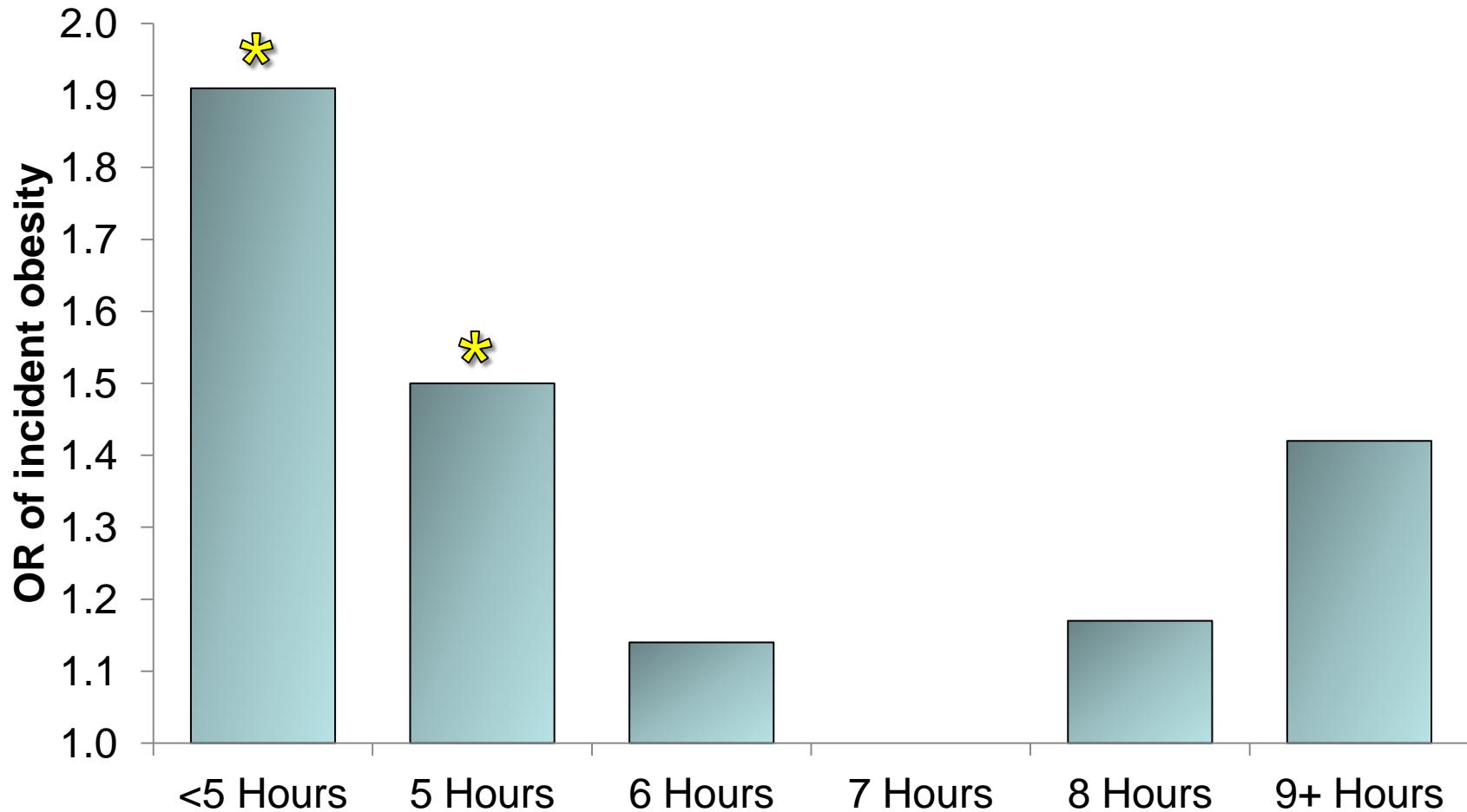


Obesity and weight gain

- At least 65 studies have shown an association between short sleep duration and obesity
- Several studies have shown that short sleep duration is associated with obesity
 - In the Nurses' Health Study, those sleeping 6 hours or less are more likely to become obese and more likely to gain >15kg over 16 years



Incident obesity among men



Adjusted for: age, work shift, smoking, alcohol, physical activity, and depressive symptoms

Incident adiposity

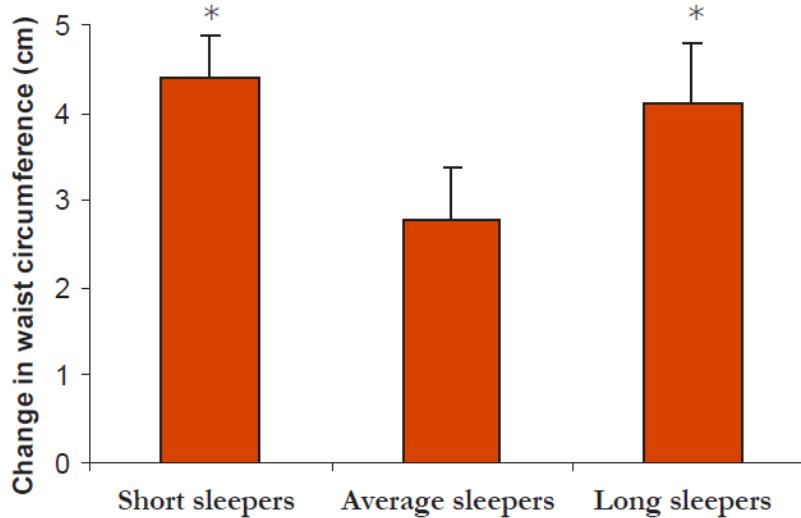
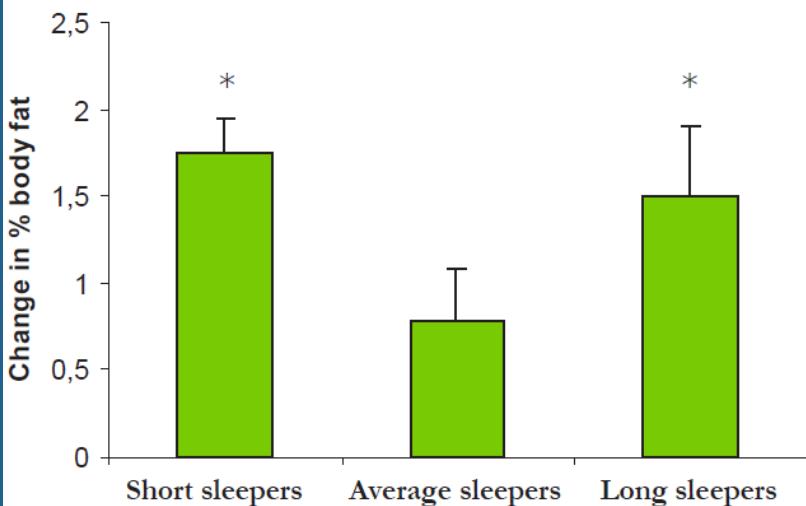
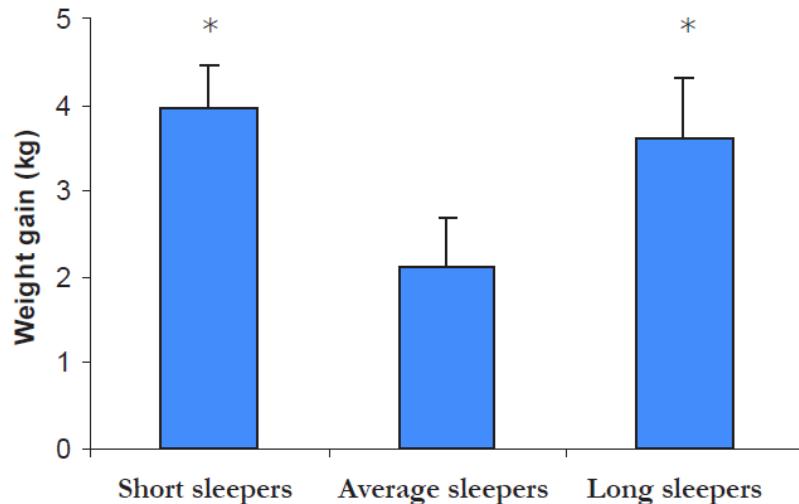


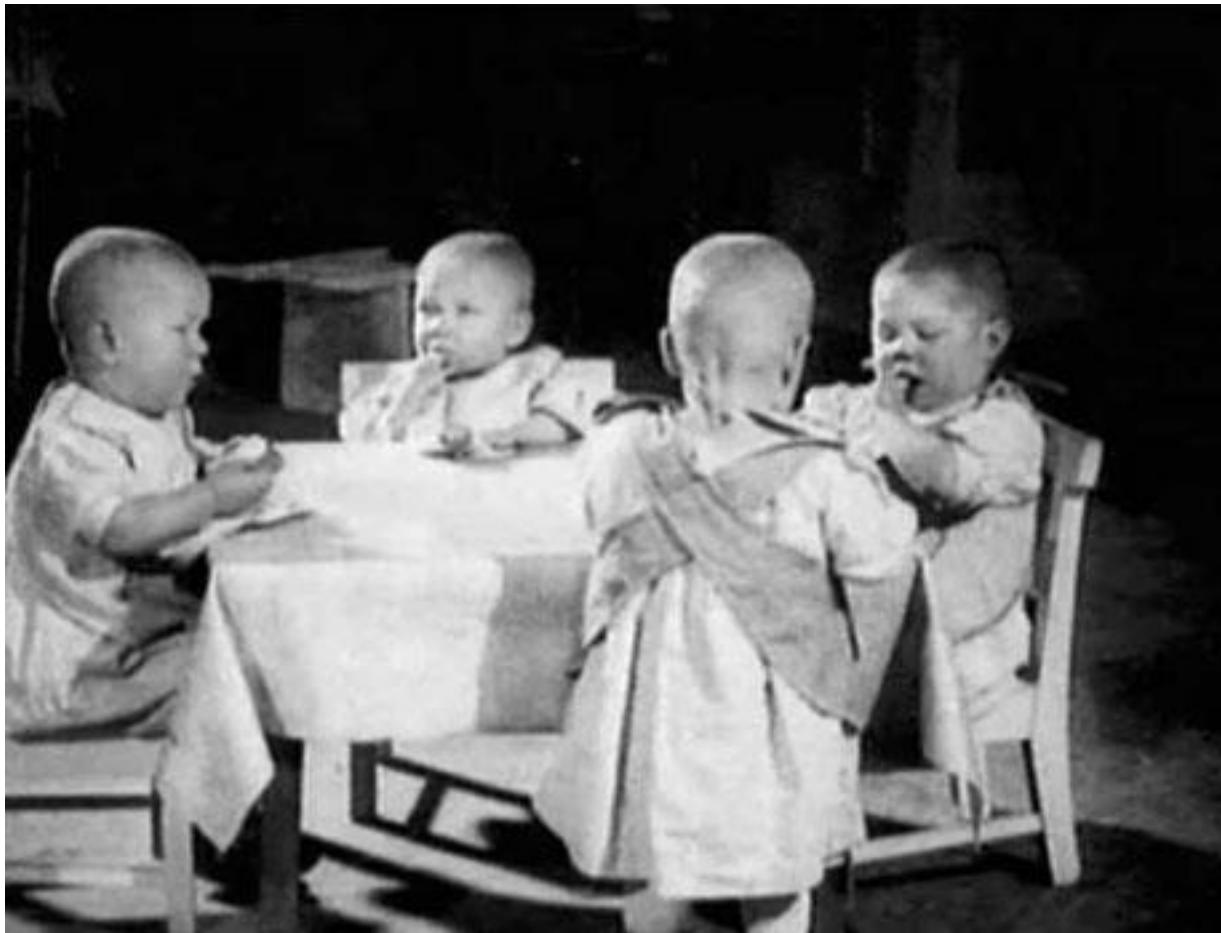
Figure 1—Mean (a) weight gain, (b) change in waist circumference, and (c) change in percentage of body fat by sleep-duration group. The model was adjusted for age, sex, baseline body mass index, study phase, length of follow-up, resting metabolic rate, smoking habits, employment status, education level, total annual family income, menopause status, shift-working history, alcohol intake, coffee intake, total caloric intake, and participation in vigorous physical activity. *Significantly different from the 7-8 hours sleeping group (average sleepers), $P < 0.05$.

Sleep and BMI across the lifespan



Adjusted for:

- Sex
- Race/Ethnicity
- Marital Status
- Exercise
- Income-Poverty Ratio
- Income
- Education
- Alcohol
- Smoking
- Total Caloric Intake
- Food Variety





Direct

Pro-inflammatory
State

Insulin Dysregulation

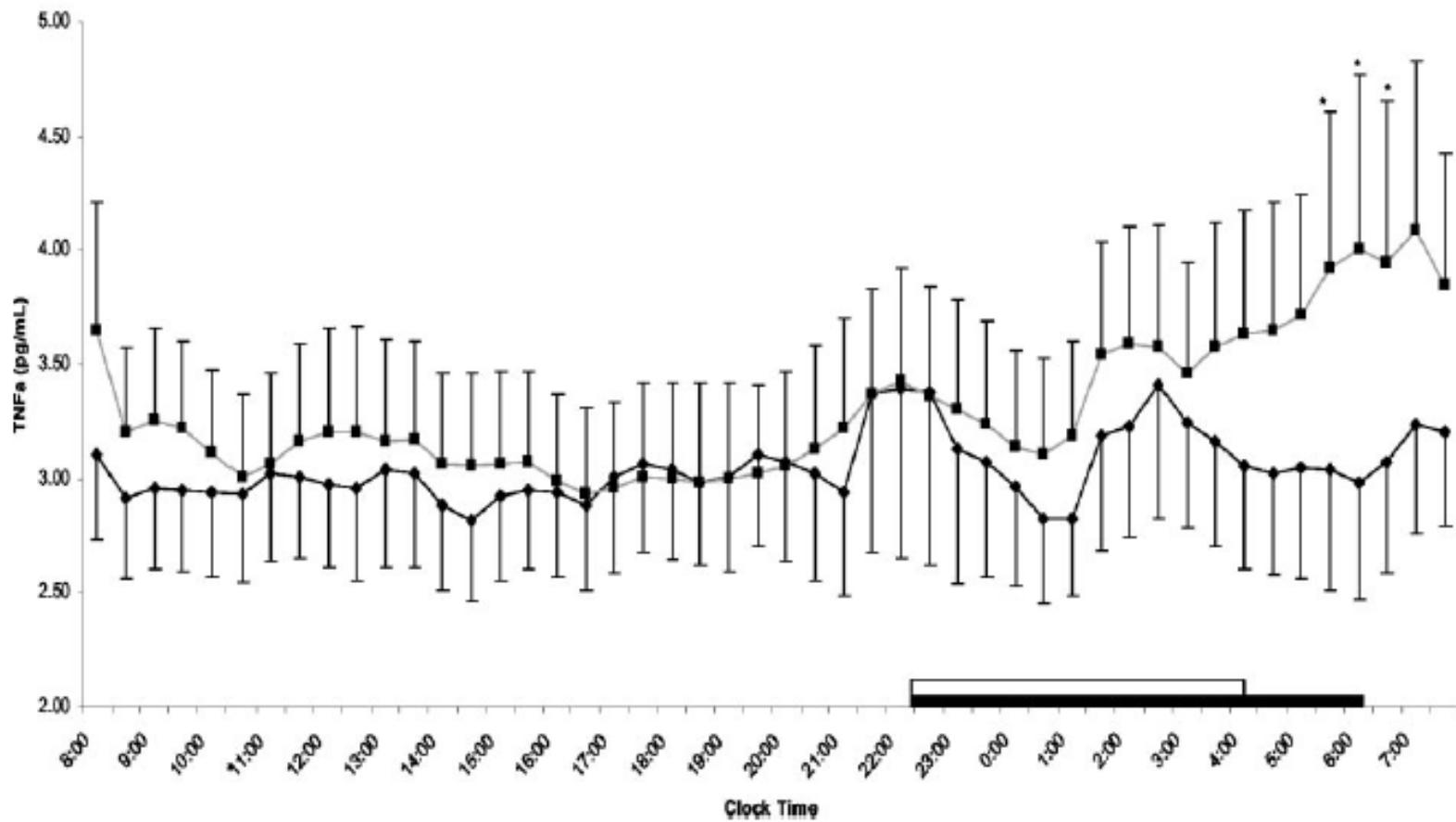


Indirect

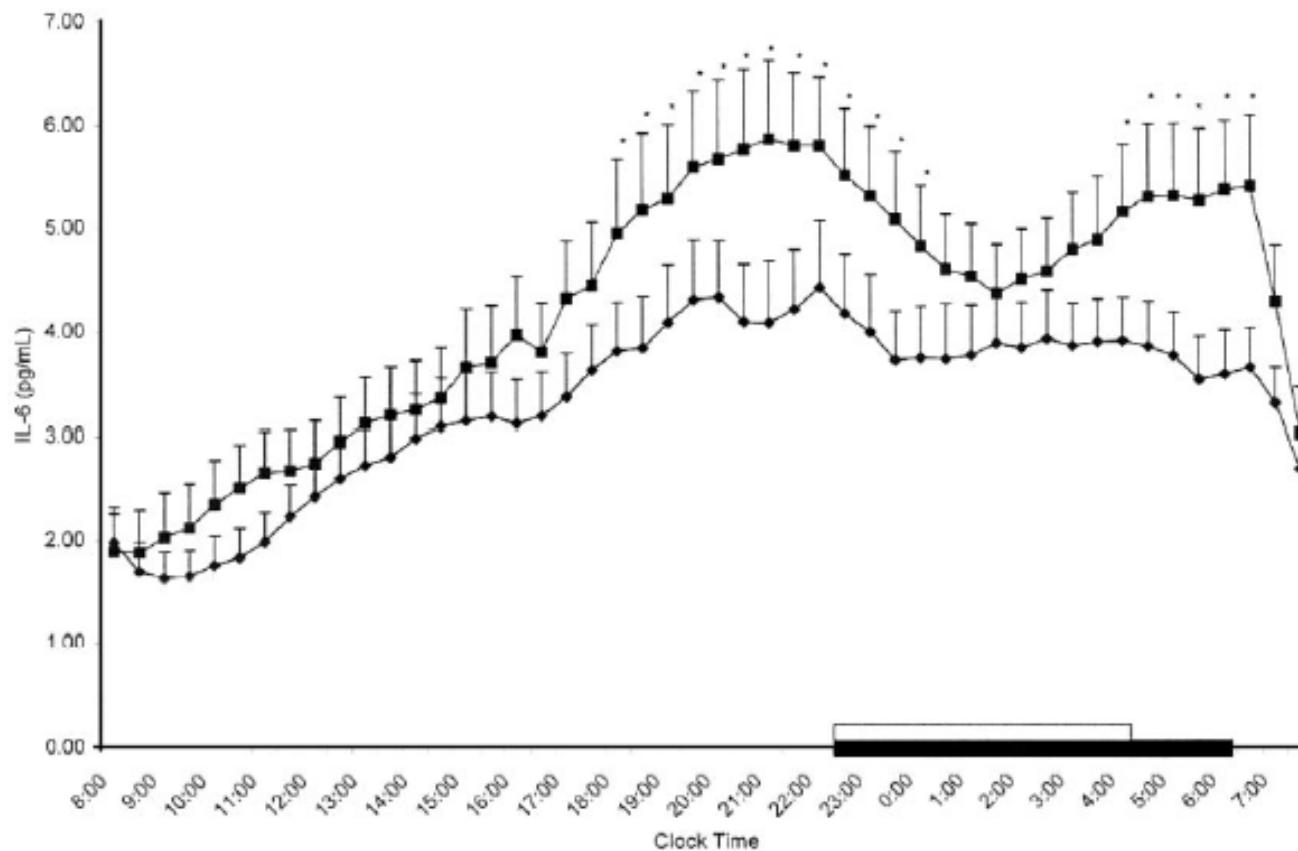
Mood Dysregulation

Impaired Decision
Making

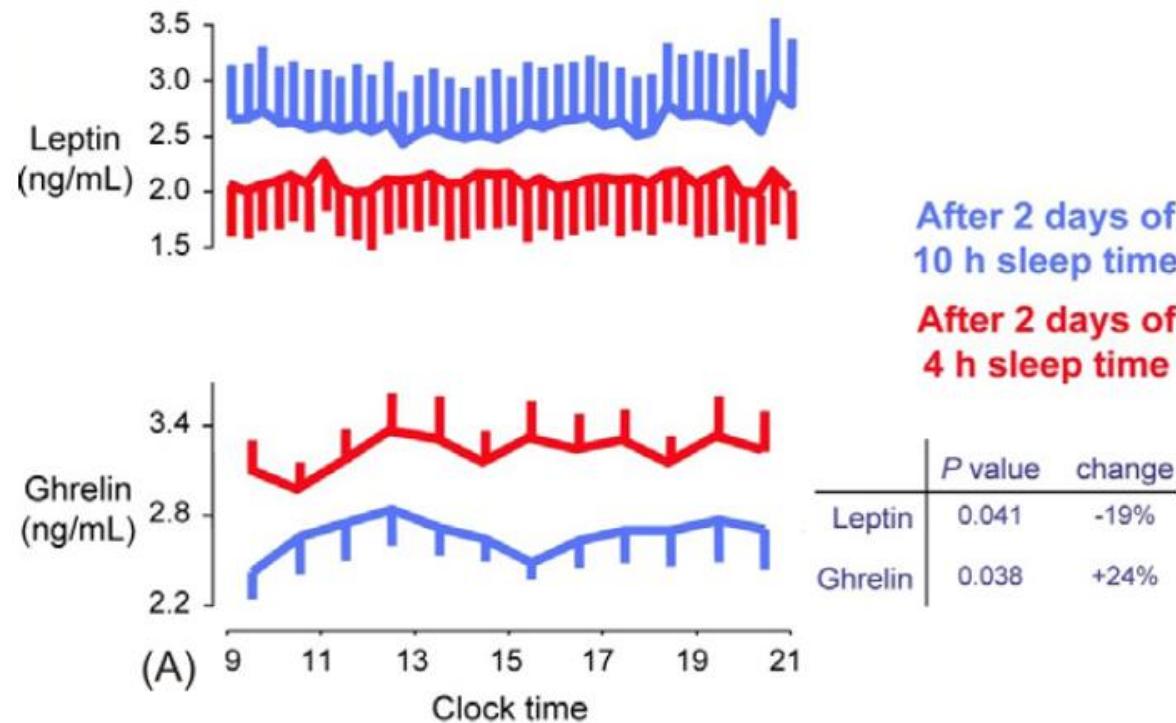
Sleep deprivation and TNF α



Sleep deprivation and IL-6



A Common Pathway

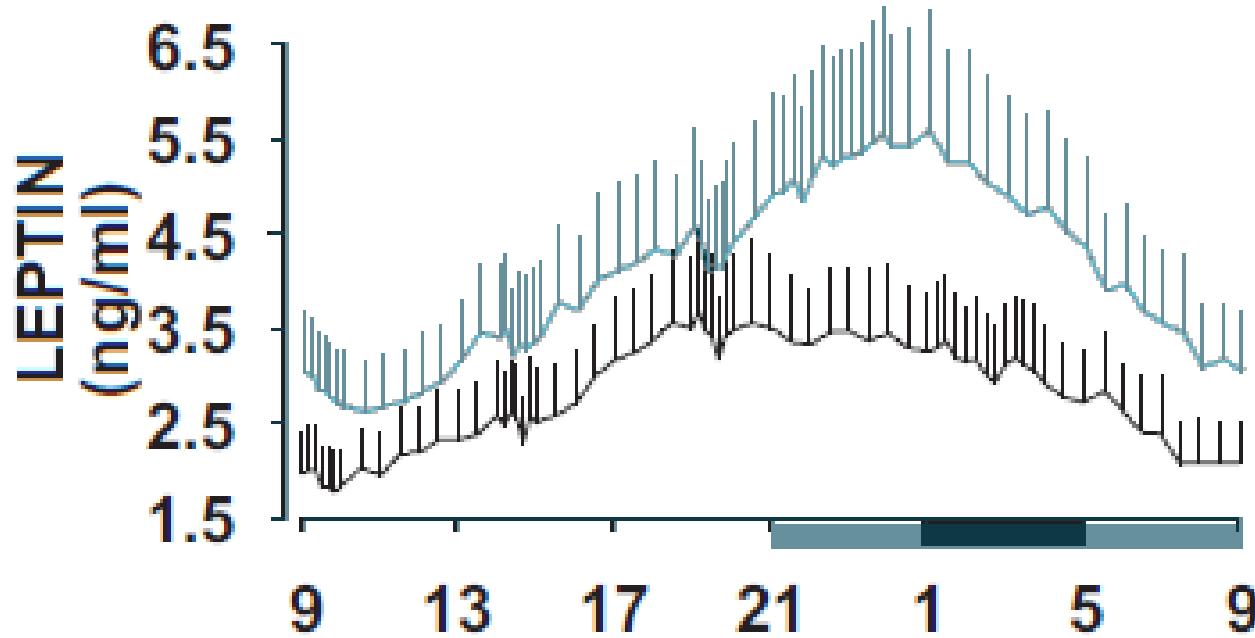


Found decreases in leptin and increases in ghrelin

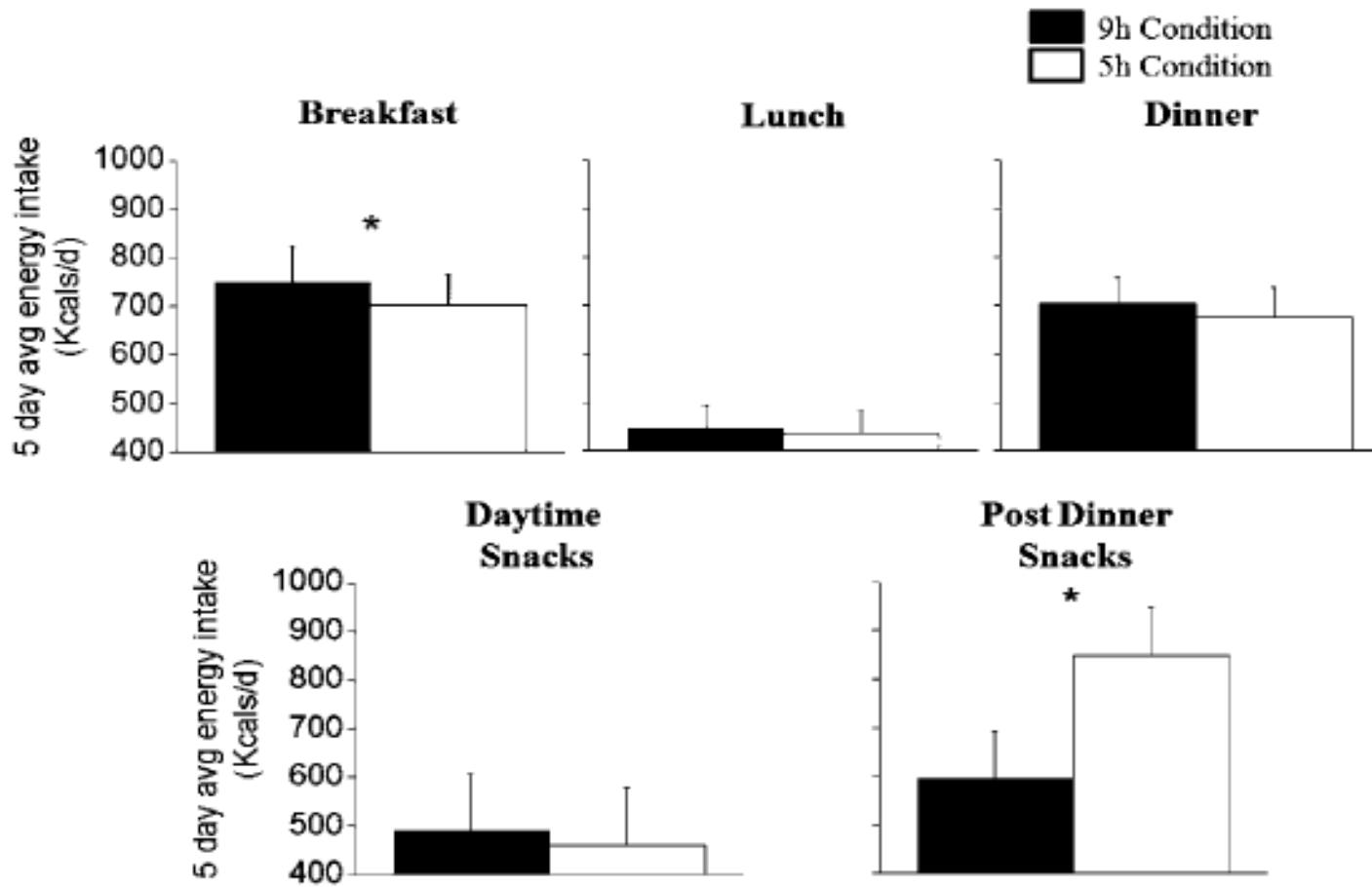
Change in leptin was stronger predictor of changes in hunger than the increase in ghrelin

Sleep deprivation decreases leptin

12 Hours in bed (blue) versus 4 hours in bed (black)

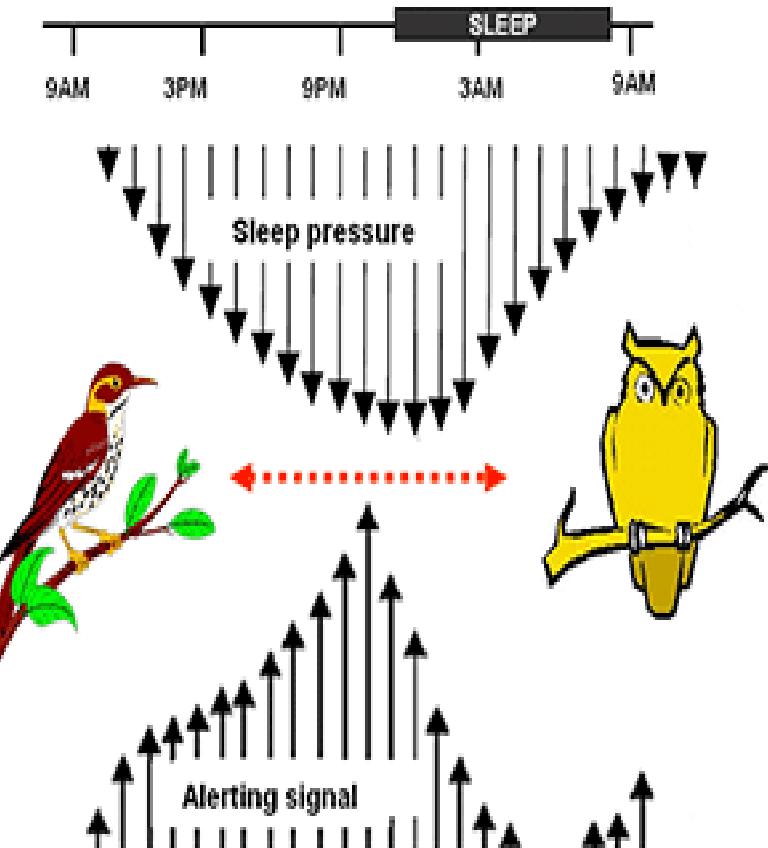


Energy Intake (5hrs vs. 9hrs)

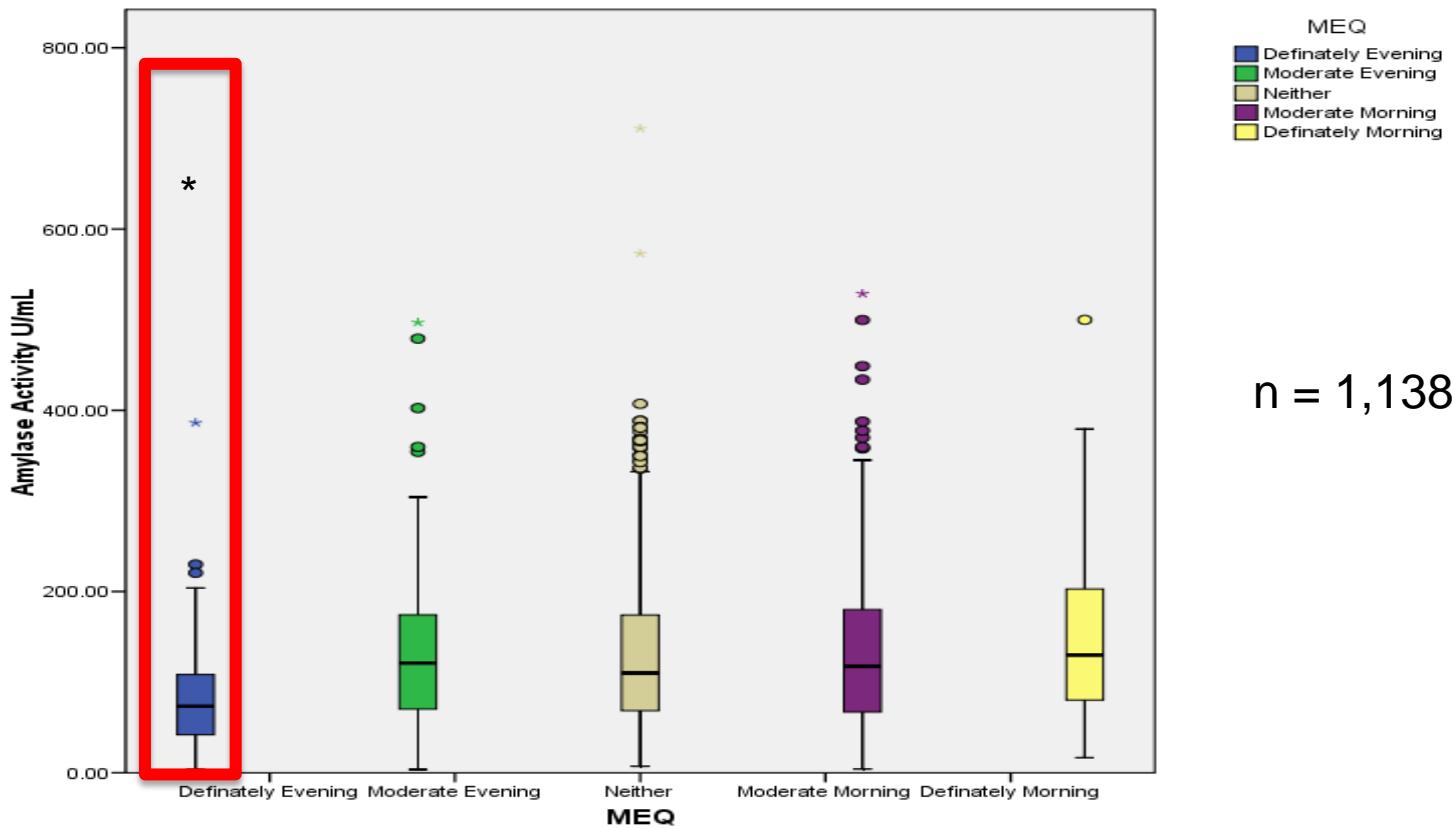


Is Chronotype an Issue?

- Evening types more likely to have variable sleep schedules
- Evening types more likely to eat more at mealtimes
- Evening types more likely to have weight problems
- Evening types more likely to have sleep apnea



The Relationship between Chronotype and Amylase (Enzyme)



SO WHAT IS THE ANSWER?



"I'm the casting director for the show, The Walking Dead. I've noticed the way your nurses look after a shift, and I'd like to hire them as extras."



The Team

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Dr. Rachel Sharman
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And the people who fund this programme of work



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